AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 18, 2000
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 14, 2000
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 3, 2000
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 19, 2000
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 15, 2000
AMENDED IN SENATE JANUARY 11, 2000
AMENDED IN SENATE JANUARY 3, 2000
AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 23, 1999
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 18, 1999
AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 6, 1999

SENATE BILL

No. 1293

Introduced by Senator Chesbro

(Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Granlund and Wiggins)
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Calderon) Members Baugh and Calderon)

February 26, 1999

An act to add Section 25241 to the Business and Professions Code, relating to alcoholic beverages.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1293, as amended, Chesbro. Alcoholic beverages: Napa Valley Wine.

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Under existing law, the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control regulates the licensing, enforcement, administration of the alcoholic beverage control laws.

This bill would prohibit the use of wine that is produced, bottled, labeled, offered for sale, or sold in this state if the wine uses a brand name or appellation that suggests that the wine is made from grapes grown in the Napa Valley unless the wine qualifies for Napa Valley or Napa County appellation of origin.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 25241 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

25241. (a) (1) The Legislature finds and that for more than a century, Napa Valley has been widely recognized for producing grapes and wine of the highest 5 quality. Both consumers and wine 6 the understand the name Napa County and the viticultural area appellations of origin contained within Napa County (collectively "Napa appellations") as denoting that the 10 wine was created with the distinctive grapes grown in 11 Napa Valley.

- (2) The Legislature finds, however, that certain producers are using Napa appellations on labels, 14 packaging materials, and in advertising for wines that are not made from grapes grown in Napa Valley, and that 16 consumers are confused and deceived by these practices.
- 17 (3) The Legislature further finds that legislation is 18 necessary to eliminate these misleading practices. It is the 19 intent of the Legislature to assure consumers that the 20 wines produced or sold in the state with brand names, packaging materials, or advertising referring to Napa 21 appellations in fact qualify for the Napa Valley or Napa 23 County appellation of origin.
- (b) No wine produced, bottled, labeled, offered for 24 25 sale or sold in California shall use, in a brand name or 26 otherwise. anv label, packaging material, advertising, any of the names of viticultural significance

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listed in subdivision (c), unless that label, packaging material, or advertising includes, and the wine qualifies under Section 4.25a of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations for either of the following:

- (1) A viticultural area appellation of origin that is located entirely within Napa County, subject compliance with Section 25240.
 - (2) The appellation of origin Napa County.
- Notwithstanding the above, this subdivision shall not grant any labeling, packaging, or advertising rights that are prohibited under federal law or regulations.
- 12 (c) The following names of are viticultural 13 significance for purposes of this section:
 - (1) Napa.

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- viticultural (2) Any area appellation of origin 16 established pursuant to Part 9 (commencing with Section 9.1) of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations that is 18 located entirely within Napa County.
- (3) Any similar name to those in paragraph (1) or (2) 20 that is likely to cause confusion as to whether the *origin* of the wine is from an area identified in paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (b).
- (d) The appellation of origin required by this section 24 shall meet the legibility and size-of-type requirements set 25 forth in either Section 4.38 or Section 4.63 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations, whichever is applicable.
- (e) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), any name 28 viticultural significance may appear either as part of the address required by Sections 4.35 and 4.62 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations, if it is also the post office address of the bottling or producing winery or of the permittee responsible for the advertising, or as part of any factual, nonmisleading statement as to the history or location of the winery.
- (f) The department may suspend or revoke the license 36 of any person who produces or bottles wine who violates this section. Following notice of violation to the person in possession of the wine and a hearing to be held within 15 days thereafter, if requested by any interested party within five days following the notice, the department

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- 1 may seize wine labeled or packaged in violation of this 2 section regardless of where found, and may dispose of the
- 3 wine upon order of the department. From the time of 4 notice until the departmental determination, the wine
- 5 shall not be sold or transferred.
- 6 (g) This section applies only to wine 7 produced, bottled, or labeled after January 1, 2001. which is